## LUETGERT'S PARTNER

WILLIAM CHARLES TESTIFIES FOR THE DEFENSE.

### HELPS ACCUSED MATERIALLY.

SAYS POTASH WAS BOUGHT FOR MAKING SOFT SOAP.

Mary Siemmering on the Stand Again and Admits That She Lied Before the Grand Jury Great Crush at

body of Mrs. Louise Luctgert is alleged by the prosecution to have been dissolved, was bought. According to Charles' story, the potash was purchased as the principal ingredient of a quantity of soft soap, to be used in cleaning up the big factory, preparatory to its sale to an English syndicate. The witness said he suggested this method of putting the factory in shape himself, and that Luctgert, acting upon the suggestion, ordered a barrel of caustic potash, weighing 35 pounds, sent to the factory in March last. This was about the time the proseculast. This was about the time the proseculast. used in Sleaning up the big factory, prepartion claims the negotiations were pending between Lucigert and Davey, the mysterious Englishman, who is said to have represented the syndicate, and who borrowed something like \$25,000 from Luctgert. The Barricaded Door.

Charles also offered an explanation of the apparently barricaded door to the basement only 2 deaths on Saturday, none on Sunday nothers, were in the basement, when a terrier, which belonged to the witness, got after a rat. Charles, Luetgert and the others moved boxes, barrels and other obstacles to aid the dog in his chase, and the boxes and barrels were hurled in a pile against the door. The barricade of the door was unintentional, he said. It just happened that the articles were thrown happened that the articles were thrown there, without thought of the door at all.

Charles says that besides the caustic potash, two or three barrels of tallow, a quanwhich was to be used in making the soft soap, were delivered at the factory. He said that he aided Odorofsky and Levandowski, the two laborers employed in the factory, to place some of the stuff in the middle vat. He also saw Frank Ballk in the factory at the time. The caustic potash was put in the vat and Luergert said he would see to turning on the steam and bolling the stuff. Charles said he met Luergert in a saloon opposite the factory on the evening of the night Mrs. Luergert disappeared, and Luergert said he was going over to the factory and turn on the steam. At 3 o'clock the same night. Charles said he went to the basement of the factory pad found Luergert there and the steam turned on.

Denied Doctoring the Bables. tity of grease and some chipped bone. gert said he was going over to the factory and turn on the steam. At it o'clock the same night. Charles said he went to the basement of the factory and found Luet-gert there and the steam turned on. Denied "Doctoring" the Rooks.

On cross-examination by State's attorney Deneen, Charles denied he had "dectored" the books of the concern so as to show a yearly profit of \$30,000. This line of cross-examination was objected to by the deluation was objected to by the defense, but the court permitted it for a time, the, result being a complete denial by Charles. He acknowledged that it was he who introduced Promoter Davey to Luctgert, but he said he was deceived by the man as well as Luctgert.

Frank Dittler told of seeing Mrs. Luetgert wringing her hands on one occasion. It was during the latter part of April, and the witness declared Mrs. Luetgert said the business was broken up, everything was gone and that she was going away also. Later the witness said Mrs. Luetgert promised to attend the wedding of his daughter in June and make the prospective bride a

At the close of the afternoon session of court, ex-Judge Vincent and Attorney Pha-len were much pleased over the evidence of Witness Charles.

"He told a pretty fair story," acknowledged Assistant State's Attorney McEwen at the close of the trial. "It was one of those stories upon which there is nothing left to cross-examine. First he sought the opportunity. He says he was in the basement of the factory that night and that Luctgert began to make soap. He and Luctgert are the only ones who know the real object for which that caustic potash was bought. They are not going to tell any other story than the one told by Charles. So what is the use to cross-examine at length on that point? But we have some other evidence on this point that will change the complexion of Charles' evidence when it is submitted."

## Mary Siemmering Again.

Mary Siemmering, the servant girl, whose cross-examination was in progress Saturday, when court adjourned, was recalled. Around this witness, according to the theory of the prosecution, the motive for the attempted murder of Mrs. Louise Luctgert centers. Luctgert's infatuation for his pretty servant girl is claimed by the prosecution to have been the inciting motive to this celebrated crime.

When she went on the witness stand today to again endure, as she supposed, the cross-examination of State's Attorney Deneen, which is electric in its rapidity Mary Stemmering appeared composed and defiant. Her checks were flushed, which indicated apparently some mental excitement, but the young woman, it was evident, had made up her mind to control her feelings and not permit the state's attorney to confuse her. Greatly to her surprise and apparent relief, Assistant State's Attorney Ewen asked the questions, and did not keep her on the witness stand long. His

"Did you not say before the grand jury that Mrs. Luetgert was a good and kind mother?" asked Mr. McEwen. "I did," confessed the witness.

"Now you say she beat her children and

When I went to the grand jury room to testify, Inspector Schaack was there. He told me if I did not say what I did he would punish me," said the witness.

The photographs which were identified

by witnesses from Kenosha were handed to the witness and she identified them. The picture, which included Mrs. Luctgert and her two children, was taken two years ago, the witness said. Several questions of an impeaching character were asked and Mary Siemmering was excused. She left the witness stand with a smile and took a scat within the inclosure and re-

mained to listen to other witnesses. Mrs. Luctgert's Depression.

Charles Boehnke, who had worked for Luetgert for sixteen years, testified that on April 28 he had a brief conversation with Mrs. Luctgert. She seemed much de-pressed, the witness said, and remarked that "things were going had in the house She said, according to the witness, that she would go to the country and go to work as a servant. "We are about ruined, and I will go to the country and work out; I cannot stay here." the witness said were the words of the apparently distract-ed woman. "I told her that times were as

well, was called to the witness stand, Juror William Harler was called upon to act as interpreter. This was the second time since the trial began that Juror Harler had been similarly called upon, despite the fact of the discovery that he was indicted ten years ago in connection with the Cook county commissioners scandal.

Mrs. Koche said she had known Mrs. Luetgert for eleven years and had lived near her most of this time. She saw and talked with Mrs. Luetgert the last week in April. Mrs. Luetgert was degreesed and talked about going away. She told the witness, according to the statement of the latter, that Luetgert had been swindled by a man who had promised to pay him a big sum for an interest in the sausage factory. Luetgert had let the man have a large amount of maney and the man had run away. This evidence was in support of the statement of ex-Judge Vincent at the orealing of the trial to the effect that a promoter had swindled Luetgert out of \$5,000, and that this was the beginning of the troubles of the sausagemaker. Other witnesses testified along this line later in the day.

Crush Worse Than Ever.

Crush Worse Than Ever.

the Trial.

The crush around the criminal court building to-day was something fearful. A number of extra policemen had to be placed on duty to assist the court balliffs in keeping back the throng that clamored for admission, and they had their hands full. It was only with the greatest difficulty that those having business in the court poom could gain admission, and many claimed, the caustic potash, in which the people who had tickets entitling them to enter the court room were compelled to turn away because of their inability to force their way through the crowd.

This morning the pressure on the state's attorney for tickets of admission was so arreat that he and his assistant, Mr. Mc-Ewen, were compelled to hide in the private office of the state's attorney in order to transact their work prior to the opening of court.

No criminal trial that has been held in

### YELLOW FEVER SITUATION. Improvement at New Orleans and Mobile, but Not at Edwards

and Biloxi. New Orleans, Sept. 27.-Warmer weather apparently barricaded door to the basement in the past two or three days has had the stairway by telling about a chase for rats in which a small dog was an active particular of new cases of yellow fever, but ipant. He said that the factory had been it has equally had the effect of sending infested by rats for some time, and that down the death rate. There were 23 cases infested by rats for some time, and that on Saturday, 17 yesterday, and up to 6:30 an effort had been made to get rid of them. o'clock to-day 21 cases. But there were On the evening of April 30 he and Luetgert, only 2 deaths on Saturday, none on Sun-

> Ala Sept. 27.-The report for Mobile, Ala., Sept. 77.—The report for Monday has greatly raised the spirits of people here. They accept it as indicating that the efforts to surround the disease and stamp it out are meeting with success, There were only three new cases and one

## LIVE STOCK INSPECTORS.

Convention Being Held at Ft. Worth With Delegates From Six States Attending.

Fort Worth, Tex., Sept. 27.-The convention of the live stock sanitary inspectors were present from Illinois, Indiana, Colorado, Indian Territory, Oklahoma and Texas. The bureau of animal industry was represented by Dr. Norgard and Colonel Albert Dean, inspector at Kansas City. The first day's session was principally devoted to the discussion of the dipping experiments re-cently conducted here by Dr. Norgard, who was trying to discover some method of de-stroying the tick which causes Texas or

splenic fever.
The resolutions committee to-night agreed on a report requesting the secretary of agriculture to fix the time when the quarantine shall go into effect as January 1, and the date of its removal as November 1, a period of ten months; also requesting the secretary to revise the line so as to place the states of Arkansas and Tennessee south of it.

## south of it. A series of experiments in dipping is now being conducted here for the edification of the delegates to the convention.

LOCOMOTIVE BOILER EXPLODES Pennsylvania Engineer Killed and His Fireman Probably Faially Injured Yesterday.

Harrisburg, Pa., Sept. 27.—Engineer E. Bennett Mitchell was killed and Fireman John R. Cawley seriously injured this morning by the explosion of a locomotive on the Northern Central railroad at George town, a few miles north of Harrisburg. Mitchell was thrown up the side of a mountain a distance of sixty feet and was dead when found. Fireman Cawley was hurled when found. Fireman Cawley was hurled in an opposite direction, almost to the edge of the Susquehanna river. He was zo badly scalded that it is thought he will die. The wrecked locomotive came out of the shops Saturday after an overhauling, and the railway officials cannot account for the explosion. The boiler was blown 150 feet and atighted on a mountain side, which rises at an angle of 60 degrees from the track. The trucks were thrown into the river and the tender along the bank. All the cars except the rear Pullman were derailed. None of the passengers was injured, although several were ladly shaken up. The explosion occurred opposite a watch box, which was réduced to kindling wood and the watchman badly hurt.

Incendiarism in a Campaign. Milan, Mo., Sept. 27.-(Special.) A large Milan, Mo., Sept. 27.—(Special.) A large brick residence belonging to Isaac Gumn, president of the First National bank, of this city, hurned at an early hour this morning. The fire was of incendiary or-igin. Excitement over the water works proposition is thought to have prompted some friend to apply the torch in order to avoid the possibility of a defeat of the proposition.

Destructive Timber Fire.

Rapid City, S. D., Sept. 27.—A destructive timber fire has been raging in the Big Horn country. C. W. Green, special agent of the interior department, who has charge of public timber, has just returned, and reports fifty-four square miles in the heaviest timber destroyed. The estimated loss is over \$500,000. The fire was finally extinguished by a snow storm.

## Elevator Cable Breaks.

Chicago, Sept. 27.—By the breaking of a cable this morning, three colored men, who were being carried up in an elevator shaft of the Northwest Land tunnel, fell inherty-live feet to the bottom of the excavation. One of them was killed instantly, and the other two sustained fatal injuries.

## Gotham Bleyelist Killed.

New York, Sept. 27.—Edward Evans, 25 years of age, a dealer in bicycles in this city, was instantly killed late to-night white riding along the boulevard. The fork of his bicycle broke and Evans fell head first to the pavement. The fork gave way just above the crown. Polsoned by Jimson Leaves.

## St. Joseph, Mo., Sept. 27.—(Special.) Ccroner Richmond decided to-day that the death of Fay Criss, a 4-year-old child who was found deed last night, was due to eating jimson leaves.

A Big Price on Their Heads out: I cannot stay here." the witness said were the words of the apparently distracted woman. "I told her that times were as hard in the country as they were in the city," said Boehnke, "and advised her not to go."

When Mrs. Augusta Koch, a neighbor of the Luetgerts, who knew Mrs. Luetgert by President Barrios

NOMINATED BY THE UNITED DE-MOCRACY OF NEW YORK.

### REGULAR DEMOCRATS WORRIED

DON'T LIKE THE IDEA OF HAVING TWO BOURBON NOMINEES.

W. J. Brynn Writes a Vigorous Letter Urging That the City Campaign Be Conducted on the Platform of the Chicago Convention.

New York, Sept. 27.-The most important development in the Greater New York political situation to-day was the unanimous nomination of Henry George for mayor by the United Democracy, composed of numerous free silver and Bryan clubs which were active in the campaign of last fall. Mr. George once polled 68,000 votes as a labor candidate for mayor of New York. His strength, if he should accept, would be drawn principally from the Democratic vote. The United Democracy also adopted a resolution condemning 'the action of the state committee in refusing to reaffirm the Chicago platform and in nominating as candidate for chief judge of the court of appeals Alton B. Parker, whose party fealty is so doubtful that he is popularly believed to have voted against the Bryan and Sewall electoral ticket last year. The convention nominated John G. Boyd for comptroller and Winfield S. Overton for president of the municipal council.

A belief is current that Mr. George will

not accept to-night's nomination if Tammany indorses the Chicago platform.
On the other hand, the old-time Democratic leaders prefer to ignore the silver question altogether; so the Democrats are

as much worried over Henry George as the Republicans are over Seth Low. The Republican assembly district leaders of the borough of Manhattan met to-night and, after a long caucus, decided to place in nomination at the city convention to rrow these names: Mayor, Benjamin F. Tracy; comptroller, Ashbel P. Fitch; president of the council, Ross Appleton.

At a meeting of the executive committee of Tammany Hall to-day the roll of assembly districts for nominations for city and county officers was called with the fol-Mayor-William Sohmer, George B. Mc-

Clellan, Charles H. Knox. President of the borough-George W.
Plunkett, Charles F. Allen.
Comptroller-Ashbel P. Fitch.

Much stir was created in political circles Much stir was created in political circles to-day by the publication of a letter purporting to have been sent to Celonel William L. Brown, of the New York Dally News, by William J. Bryan, urging that the municipal campaign in Greater New York Shelld be run in harmony with the York should be run in harmony with the principles and declarations of the national organization. The letter says:

A triumph of the Democracy of Greater New York, except under the auspices of the issue that animates the party, will have the same moral effect as a renewed and affirmed triumph of the agencies led l-y Senator Hanna. "When parties cease to represent certain fixed principles, the supreme prerogative of

the ballot becomes prostituted to a contest between organizations for the spoils of office and the enjoyment of success. "To this prostitution of the ballot may be ascribed every chapter of shame and corruption in the history of American municipal government. It is better to have government by the Republican party, responsible for its declarations, than

ernment by Democratic partisans without responsibility to Democratic principles. "The Democratic party is the party of home rule, and home rule does not mean irresponsibility to the nation at large. The great cities are part of the state and country; they are the granaries, treasuries, clearing houses and capitals of culture and science: they are created, not of themselves, but of the whole people's toil and

selves, but of the whole people's toil and progress; therefore, it is unnatural and artificial to avoid responsibility to national issues. It is political cowardice and political crime.

"Greater New York will be the uncrewned capital of America. The Democrate of New York have a responsibility not only to themselves and the greater city but to their party and its living principles and the nation. This election is the most important and influential political event between 1896 and 1900.

"To suggest that the Democratic party platform has no place in this contest is to admit a doubt of its wisdom and places the Democratic party on a par with the

admit a doubt of its wisdom and places the Democratic party on a par with the fallacy of non-political government. The issue is the life of the party, not the garment, and to alter or deduct from the deciarations of the assembled party is mortal injury; nor have battalions which have fought, now on one side, now on another, now shoulder to shoulder as friends,now bayonet to bayonet as enemies, a place in honorable war."

### WHERE THEY WILL PREACH. Appointments of the Southwest Missouri Conference of the M. E. Church, South.

Slater, Mo., Sept. 27,—(Special.) The Southwest Missouri conference of the M. E. church, South, closed its session here to-The following appointments were

made: Kansas City district-W. T. McClure presiding elder; Central, F. R. Hill; Troost Avenue, C. M. Hawkins; Melrose, C. M. Bishop; Brooklyn Avenue, J. M. Boon; Washington Street, A. B. Davidson; Campbell and Garland, S. H. C. Burgin; Westport station, C. W. Moore; Independence station, E. P. Ryland; Raytown circuit, C. T. Wallace: Lee's Summit and Point Pleasant, F. M. Burton; Blue Springs and Atherton, J. G. Busby; Pinkhill circuit, J. R. Hedges; Oak Grove and Pleasant Prairie, G. L. Taylor; Lone Jack circuit, J. J. Keller; Pleasant Hill station, O. M. Rickman; Belton and Martin City, C. W. Scarritt Harrisonville station, W. C. Bewby, Grain Valley circuit, Alonzo Pattison; book editor and editor, Rev. Mr. C. W. J. Tigert; editor St. Louis Christian Advocate, W. B. Pal-

and editor, Rev. Mr. C. W. J. Tigert; editor
St. Louls Christian Advocate, W. B. Palmore; secretary education, C. M. Bishop.
Lévington district—Clinton Clenny, presiding televir, Lexington station, B. V. Alton, H. V. A. McClanality, and the station, W. A. McClanality, and the station, W. A. McClanality, and the station of the station

GIRARDVILLE, PA.

GUNS, KNIVES, AXES, CLUBS.

SEVERAL HUNDRED MEN ENGAGED

ttacking Party Routed and Then Attacked in Turn-Scores Known to Have Been Intered-At Least Nine Participants Will Die.

elder; Nevada, Centenary, A. G. Dinwiodie; Nevada, Austin, W. D. Matthews; Moundville circuit, V. M. Crutsinger; Deerfield circuit, Henry Alpers; Rich Hill station, J. McCrory; Sprague circuit, J. C. Diggs; Hume circuit, J. L. Hagler; Butler station, R. E. L. Jarvis; Everett circuit, L. M. Phillips; Peculiar circuit, W. F. Wagoner; Papinsylle circuit, B. H. Steele; Monterallo circuit, A. G. Moore; Walker circuit, H. L. Anderson; Sheldon circuit, S. G. Weilborn; Lamar station, J. A. Lewis; Eldorado and Mount Vernon, C. Pugsby; Lamar circuit, J. M. L. Hoyle.

Neosho district—J. King. presiding elder; Neosho station, W. C. Hill; Prosperity circuit, M. Bohornburg; Seneca station, J. T. Swanson; Southwest City, H. C. Allen; Pineville circuit, W. A. Bruce; Newtonia circuit, J. J. Reed; Cassyllle circuit, J. A. Matthews; Monett station, A. B. Donaldson; Pelroce City and Bethel, J. A. Jared; Red Oak circuit, J. Harvey; Jasper circuit, C. Bruner; Carthage station, L. B. Ellis; Webb City station, T. W. Alton; Joplin station, A. N. James; Mount Vernon circuit, H. C. McPherson; Sarcoxie circuit, O. E. Vivian, Springfield district—J. B. Ellis, presiding elder; St. Paul's, C. C. Woods; Campbell Street, C. N. Scrivener; Dale Street, I. W. Lorgacre; Willard circuit, T. A. Coffelt; Morrisville station, J. F. Robb; Boilvar station, Mack Appileby; Jerico circuit, G. H. Green; South Greenfield, J. R. Hargis; Ash Grove circuit, Harry Crum; Plainfield circuit, Jacob Shook; Ozark circuit, R. J. Kyje; Henderson circuit, L. R. Kenney; Marshfield station, W. M. Bewby; Niaugna circuit, J. F. Pike; Morrisville circuit, W. P. Buckner; Humansville circuit, Sam O. Bourland; Lawrenceburg circuit, Sam O. Bourland; Lawrenceburg circuit, Henry Spies. Sides.

Lebanon district—T. P. Cobb, presiding elder: Lebanon station, J. E. Alexander; Lebanon circuit, W. L. Barby; Richland circuit, C. C. Howard; Buffalo and Urbana, circuit, C. C. Howard; Buffalo and Urbana, C. G. Hamilton; Mountain Grove station, W. T. Gill; Plato circuit, to be supplied by J. W. Barlow; Cross Timbers circuit, B. F. Alsup; Hermitage circuit, Samuel Lapp; Osceola circuit, J. A. Chaney; Vienna circuit, A. M. Kenney; Waynesville and Dixon, J. A. Kenney; Buffalo circuit, J. G. L. Mitchell; Crocker, G. M. Jones.

Transferred. J. D. Wood, Denver and Colerado Springs. A. G. McCullough, Western Texas; W. P. Owens, Western.

been served as yet. A. M. E. PASTORS ASSIGNED. Annual Kansas-Nebraska Conference Closes With Announcement of Appointments. Leavenworth, Kas., Sept. 27.—(Special.) The annual conference of the African Meth-odist Episcopal church of Kansas and Ne-

braska closed in this city this evening. The last work before the formal closing was the announcement of the appointment of The story of the riot is as follows: ministers by Bishop Tanner, as follows: Topeka district—Rev. Mr. A. M. Ward, presiding elder; G. T. Bart, Manhattan and Wamego; G. T. Brown, Hutchinson; B. J. Nelson, Nicodemus circuit; G. H. Shaffer, Kansas City, Kas.; D. N. Okes, Paola; J. H. Walton, Olathe; J. J. Pleasant, Great Bend; P. T. Green, Argentine; G. W. Gray, Bionas chapel, Topeka; G. W. Gant, Rosedale and Holliday; J. R. Ramson, St. John's, Topeka; H. W. King, Emporia; J. S. Wilson, Eudora circuit; W. H. Jones, Ellsworth and

brating pay day.

The Cavendish men ascertained that their foes were marching upon them, and, arm-ing themselves hurriedly, awaited their arrival. After a demonstrative march, the Culacabbage contingent arrived, and im-

fought like demons. The shooting was fast and furious-and axes, knives, clubs and other weapons were used with deadly ef-fect. The battle lasted almost an hour, when the Culacabbage gang was routed eaving their wounded behind.

ka; H. W. King, Emporia; J. S. Wilson, Eudora circuit; W. H. Jones, Ellsworth and Russell; J. W. Wilson, Lawrence; P. Williams, Junction City circuit; R. C. Lee, Council Grove.

Omaha district—J. W. Baxton, presiding elder; M. Collins, Atchison; J. L. Milton, North Topeka; L. J. Johnson, St. James, Lawrence; C. H. Brown, Tonganoxie; J. M. Pope, Beatrice; G. C. Clark, Lincoln; J. S. Payne, Bonner Springs; C. J. Lawrence, Quindaro; A. J. King, Hiawatha; D. T. Bigger, White Cloud; G. F. Bates, South Omaha; J. C. Covens, St. John's, Omaha; M. Warton, Elwood and Troy; A. H. Brooks, Holton and Horton; J. N. Williamson, Nebraska City; N. C. Buren, Leavenworth; S. W. Alexander, Oskaloosa.

Fort Scott district—M. B. Brooks, presiding elder; A. E. Clark, Pittsburg: A. Simms, St. Paul, Fort Scott; A. C. Hally, St. James, Arkansas City; John Young, Galena; J. B. Wallace, Baxter Springs; A. C. Terells, Parsons; G. A. Griffith, Ottawa; C. A. Morgan, Oswego; E. Harrison, St. Paul, Wichita; C. R. Green, Garnett; K. P. Bond, Coffeyville; B. R. Gray, Waymen chapel, Fort Scott; J. J. Watson, Winfield and Wellington; S. G. Glover, Iola circuit; P. Johnson, Columbus circuit; I. S. Wilson, Prince Williams.

W. H. H. Jones and Klemp P. Bond were made deacons. L. J. Johnson, F. G. Barr and J. S. Payne were made elders. A. E. Clark, Embry Hogan, James McBee and Jordon Allen were granted transfers to the Misscuri conference.

During the morning session five ministers reported a series of resolutions censuring B. K. Bruce, editor of the Leavenworth

# During the morning session five ministers reported a series of resolutions censuring B. K. Bruce, editor of the Leavenworth Herald, for publishing an article saying, in substance, that the ministers were coming to the city to eat, sleep and snore and pay nothing. Mr. Bruce apologized to Bishop Tanner and the conference or the resolutions would have been much stronger. The objectionable article appeared in his paper while he was out of the city.

jury, which investigated the death of the

hour's deliberation, rendered the following verdict:

"That, from the circumstances of the case and the evidence offered, the said Clement Platock and others came to their death by gunshot wounds, on September 10, 1897, at the hands of Sheriff James Martin and his deputies, and in this we, the jury, do all agree, and we, Phil J. Boyle, Thomas T. Thomas, Barton Fress and Peter McKiernan, of this jury, do further say that the said Clement Platock, with others, was marching peaceably and unarmed on the public highway; that they were intercepted by said Sheriff Martin and his deputies and mercilessly shot to death, and we do further find that the killing was unnecessary and could have been death, and we do further find that the killing was unnecessary and could have been avoided without serious injury to either person or property, and we find finally that the killing was wanton and unjustifiable; but in this we, George Maue and F. J. MacNeal, of this jury, do not concur; and we, the jury, do further say that there was such strong suspicions of unlawful violence at the hands of person or persons unknown to this jury as to make this inquest necessary."

## have had faith cure attachments that were not in harmony with the Quaker-like belief of the church. It was agreed by the leaders of both factions that there should be more dignity and adherence, to old customs, and the committee appointed by the general conference last summer to investigate the matter will not do so. Missionary work in Western Kansas and Oklahoma was reported as prospering greatly and the leaders feel much encouraged over the outlook for the year. MORMON CONFERENCE ENDED. Twenty Elders, Representing Ten

Western States, Have Been Meeting in Chicago. Chicago, Sept. 27 .- The semi-annual conference of the Northern states' mission of the Church of Latter Day Saints has ended. Most of the time of the last day of

WANT LESS RADICALISM.

Kansas River Brethren State Meeting

Decides for the Old

Abilene, Kas., Sept. 27 .- (Special.) The

semi-annual conference of the State River

Brethren church ended with services in

Belle Springs meeting house, twelve miles

south of the city. Hundreds were in at-

tendance from this and adjoining countles and Bishops Engle and Zook presided. The

chief question for discussion was the

growth of the holiness idea in the church.

by which many members have become greatly excited over religion and revivals

Custom.

the session was occupied by addresses and discussion as to the best method to spread the doctrine of Mormonism in the jurisdiction covered by the elders comprising the

gathering.

Twenty elders were present, representing the states of Illinois, Indiana, Minnesota, Michigan, Missouri, Ohio, Iowa, Nebraska and North and South Dakota. In addition to these, many converts and spectators were present, and a deep interest was taken in the proceedings. The articles of faith, as interpreted by Joseph Smith, were duly impressed upon the converts throughout the services. It was also announced that the number of elders sent from the headquarters in Utah is increasing monthly. At present, fully 1,500 are doing missionary work in various parts of the world.

Royal makes the food pure,

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

BEATEN INTO INSANITY.

Jackson, the White House Crank, As-

saulted by Highwaymen in

St. Louis.

at the White House on September 20, is thought to have become insane from the

effects of an assault made on him by high-

waymen in St. Louis on the night of Jan-uary 14, 1836. This theory is advanced by Chief Desmond and several members of his staff who knew Jackson well and who de-clare that he hus never been in his right

There were three footpads in the job, and two of them, Frank Dumes, alias Dutch, and Fellx McGill, alias Sanchez, alias Hoos-

later he lost his position, and the police did not hear of him until his Washington es-

LAW FOR LOVE GROWN COLD.

John D. Hacker Applies for a Warrant

for Mrs. Blanche W. Foote on

Friends of John D. Hacker, in Columbus,

city in company with a bride, will be griev-

WHY LAWYERS LAUGH.

From Case and Comment.
Litigant—"You take nine-tenths of the judgment? Outrageous."
Lawyer—"I furnish all the skill and eloquence and legal learning for the cause."
Litigant—"But I furnish the cause."
Lawyer—"Oh, anybody could do that."

No divorces are granted in Mexico. The courts, for good and sufficient reasons, will tree, a separation for forty years, but hat is the most that can be done.

"Well, Uncle Jim," said the lawyer, "the doctor says there's no hope for you," "Yes, suh; dey tells me I'm gwine ter cross over."

cress over."
"Have you made your will?"
"Yes, suh; I done will ter go."
"I mean," said the lawyer, in an explanatory way, "have you got anything to

"Oh. yes, suh!" exclaimed the old man, joyfully; "one wife an' de rheumatism!"

Joyfully; "one wife an' de rheumatism!"

The conclusiveness of an entry of the death of a woman on the record of court recently led to her discharge when she subsequently appeared in court in Chattanooga. The attorney general took her by the arm, and walking up to the judge's stand, said: "Here is our dead defendant. I think we had better try her." To which the court replied: "I think not. We have her on the record as dead, Rose, you will have to go home and die. Let the former order stand."

A House Robbed.

who are expecting his return to that

a Criminal Charge.

Joseph Bloomfield Jackson, who is at

WO POLISH FACTIONS FIGHT AT

ON EACH SIDE.

Girardville, Pa., Sept. 27 .- At least nine

men received fatal injuries, and possibly two score others were more or less seriously wounded in a bloody riot here late last night and early this morning. The battle was the outcome of a quarrel over the Hazleton troubles. Thirty-six men are known to have been wounded, and about fifty more are being secreted by their friends, who fear that they will be sent to jail. Twelve of the ringleaders were brought before Justice H. B. Johnson. All were charged with assault with intent to kill, housebreaking and rioting, and were held in heavy bail for court. Many more warrants have been issued, but have not

Dr. Charles Schlessman attended to twenty-two of the wounded, nine of whom he says will die. Drs. William Monoghan and James Donahue attended to fourteen others, and how many the other physicians cared for is not known. Three other men have been reported dead, but this cannot be verified yet, on account of the uncommunicative nature of the participants.

Several hundred Polanders board at Willam Culacabbage's hotel on Second street. Joseph Cavendish is proprietor of a hotel at the east end of town, where several hundred more Polanders make their headquarters. Bad blood has existed between them for a long time, and the recent strike troubles at Hazleton embittered them still more. Last night matters came to a crisis. Culacabbage and his followers to the number of several hundred, arming themselves with guns, revolvers, knives, axes and clubs, marched to Cavendish's hotel, where several hundred of their enemies were cele-

mediately stormed the saloon.

Then a bloody battle ensued. The men

leaving their wounded behind.

Everything in the house was smashed and the floors were strewn with wounded men. The walls were bespattered with blood and shreds of human flesh.

After the rioters had returned to their headquarters, the Cavendish gang armed themselves to the teeth and marched to the enemy's rendezvous, where a battle still bloodler than the first ensued. The police force and the constables of the surrounding region were called to the scene, but were unable to cope with the rioting horde, who continued hostilities until morning.

The town people did not sleep a wink all night, and, while they watched the progress of the fight during the night, they made no attempt to interfere.

### LATTIMER SHOOTING VERDICT. Four of the Jurors Declare That the Killing Was Unnecessary

and Unjustifiable. Hazleton, Pa., Sept. 27.-The coroner's strikers at Lattimer, in Deputy Coroner Coffman's office this evening, and, after an hour's deliberation, rendered the following

Chicago City Official Unsted.

Chicago, Sept. 27.—Frank E. Nye, for some time superintendent of the city water office, was arrested to-day charged with embezzlement. It is claimed that Nye entered into a conspiracy with other employes to defraud the city. Nye was released upon bonds. He claims that he is the victim of circumstances and that he will have no trouble in proving his innocence.

Chicago City Official Ousted.

## A ROYALTY ON GOLD.

Chickasaw Legislature Passes a Law to Protect the Nation's Alleged Gold Fields.

Denison, Tex., Sept. 27.—The Chickasaw legislature, now in session at Tishomingo, I. T., has passed an act placing a royalty on all gold that is hereafter mined in the Chickasaw nation. This act was brought about by Indian citizens who live near Purabout by Indian citizens who live near Purcell, in the Chickasaw nation, taking out samples of ore. Some of the Chickasaws who have investigated the matter are under the belief that the Klondike is a small and insignificant gold field compared with the one just discovered near Purcell. The secret of the location of the gold is locked in the bosoms of the discoverers and a few prominent men of the nation, who are guarding it sacredly.

## MISS DARLINGTON, LAWYER.

Daughter of the Former Congressman First Woman to Be Admitted in Chester County.

Miss Isabel Darlington, daughter of ex Congressman Smedley Darlington, who Is weil known in the West, has received the distinction of being the first woman ever admitted to the Chester county bar.

Miss Darlington appeared before the examining board and made a very creditable mark, whereupon her certificate was signed by all members with the exception of Congressman Thomas S. Butler, her brother-in-law.

To Charge by the Cubic Foot.

Topeka, Kas., Sept. 27.—(Special.) The Missouri. Kansas & Texas Railway Company to-day notified the state board of railroad commissioners that, at the expiration of thirty days, it would begin charging by the cubic foot on bulky freight such as farm implements and household goods. This is done for the purpose of doing away with the demand for large furniture cars. The Santa Fe. Rock Island and Union Pacific reads have been charging under that plan since June.

To Charge by the Cubic Foot.

Prosecution of Badeni Forbidden. London, Sept. 28.—A dispatch to the Dally Mail from Vienna says that the political opponents of Count Badeni having called the attention of the public prosecutor to the fact that the premier had broken the law in his duel with Dr. Wolff, Emperor Francis Joseph has issued a decree forbidding prosecution. N. J. Bayne, who lives at 1405 Walnut street, took his family to the theater last night and did not return until 11:39 o'clock. On entering the house they discovered that someone had paid them a visit during their absence. The house was turned topsy turvy, and, after straightening things out. as best they could, they found about 2500 worth of clothing and jewelry gone. The robbery was reported to the police.

"Is that your wife on a blcycle?" "It is."
"I thought you said that you would never
permit her to ride one." "I don't permit it,
but what difference do you suppose that
makes to her?"—Chicago Post.

## BRITONS RANT AGAIN.

STIRRED UP BY THE BERING SEA CONTROVERSY.

## MAD BECAUSE BLUFFS DON'T GO

WILD TALK OF PREPARING FOR "SERIOUS, PRACTICAL ACTION."

London Chronicle Says the Best Rule in Denling With American Demands Is to Refuse Them Bluntly, Without Circumlocution.

London, Sept. 28.-The St. James Gazette

"It is quite clear that no concession we can make and no display, however sincere, of our wish to be friendly has availed one jot to disarm the bitter hostility of those Americans who are always ready for aggressive action. Neither is there a shred of evidence to show that the cold, passive dislike which so many Americans who are present confined in an insane asylum at friendly enough to the individual English-Washington, D. C., because of his actions man feel for the British government has been warmed in the least degree.'

> that all connection between a European and an American state is in itself unnat-

Recalling ex-Secretary Olney's dictum

and an American state is in itself unnat-ural, the St. James Gazette adds:
"That some such doctrine is working in the American is evidenced by many signs, of which the persistent nursing of the Bering sea dispute is not the least. This is, in itself, a fact of which we and the other governments interested in America must take note, not as an excuse for losing our heads and rushing to meet an evil half way, but as good reason for clearing our minds and preparing for serious, practical action."

minds and preparing for serious, practical action."

The Daily Chronicle says:

netal relations between the United States and Great British need not be affected in the least, wether the British government agrees to the sealing conference or not. The conference would hardly be expected to go beyond the collection of information. It would bind nobody and could have no mandatory effect. No new situation will arise if we refuse the invitation."

two of them. Frank Dumas, alias Dutch, and Fellx McGill, alias Sanchez, alias Hoosier, are now serving terms in the penitentiary for the offense. Dumas is serving four years, while "Sanchez" is serving a term of three years. Their "pal" escaped. Jackson, at the time of the robbery, was manager of the Delicatessen Restaurant Company, at Nineteenth and Locust streets, and occupied a room in a house at the corner of Nineteenth and Locust streets. For several years previous to the night of January H Jackson had been confined to his bed at the rooming house, suffering from nervous prostration. Dumas and his confederates had been holding up pedestrians between Olive and Locust, on Eighteenth street, and, naturally, Jackson lived in constant fear. It was snowing when Jackson went into the restaurant, and, placing the day's receipts in a box, started toward Olive street to take a car. He was passing the mouth of the alley on the west side of the street with the box under his arm, when the three highwaymen, armed with revolvers, jumped out, and, leveling the weapons at him, ordered him to hand over his money.

The intended victim did not notice the footpads until he was within a few feet of them, and then he uttered a series of shrieks. As he did so the bandits brought down their revolvers on his head, inflicting several scalp wounds, but he succeeded in getting away before the robbers could get his money. tion."
The Morning Post says:
"It is the clear object of the party in congress, of which Mr. Dingley is spokesman, not to pursue a dispassionate inquiry into the natural history of the seal, but to secure a vendict against the occupation of Canadian fishermen outside the zone of the Priblyoff islands.
"The sealing controversy is pursued because it supplies a continual opportunity of cause it supplies a continual opportunity of girding at Great Britain and enables them dian neighbors. Illustrations of their Canadian neighbors. Illustrations of this kind will gradually teach our people that the best rule in dealing with American demands is to refuse them bluntly without circumlocution. They do not originate in legitimate grievances, but in the desire of the nation to injure and humiliate us."

getting away before the robbers could get his money.

The beating he received laid him up for several days, and the physician who attended him said that his brain had been injured by the assault.

Two days after the attempted robbery Chief of Detectives Desmond and Detectives Allender and Viehle arrested Dumas and McGill at Eleventh and Pine streets, on suspicion. Both carried loaded revolvers, and when their room was searched several masks and a quantity of red pepper were found. They were taken before Jackson, who identified them as two of the men. As soon as he saw them he fainted away. Warrants were issued against the men. At their trial Dumas was given four years and "Sanchez" three years in the state penitentiary. circumlocution. They do not originate in legitimate grievances, but in the desire of the nation to injure and humiliate us."

The Times this morning says:

"The insistance of the American government upon either an international conference or the admission of representatives of Russia and Japan at the meeting of experts can only tend to delay an agreement on the basis of ascertained facts and to render it improbable that the new regulations will be ready to be enforced in the summer of 1898.

"It is obvious that a conference between the United States, Russia and Japan without England could not in the smallest degree affect the binding character of the Paris award.

"A revision of the award should be determined by the common agreement of the governments of the United States and Great Britain. No other powers have any right to a controlling voice therein. It may be added that as the American claim was founded originally on the contention that the United States is the successor in title to all the rights of Russia in the Bering sea, it seems a strange proceeding to contend that Russian interests in that quarter justify a demand for the separate representation of a power not implicated in the award.

"When Great Britain has settled with the pentientiary.

Jackson, after he recovered from the shock, was unable to attend to his duties as manager of the restaurant company, and could not pass the block where he was assaulted without uttering a shriek. A month

representation of a power not implicated in the award.

"When Great Britain has settled with the United States whether the regulations are, to be revised and in what way, there will be nothing to prevent the governments from negotiating their extension to the Western coasts of the Pacific ocean, where the sealing grounds are under the author-

### the sealing grounds are und ity of Russia and Japan." HE WANTED A PATENT. Tuesday Was His Birthday and Ho

Wanted the Exclusive From the Washington Star.

The patent office official bowed politely from his place at his desk as the in clothes of cleric cut and a smooth face greeted him with a subdued "good morn-

O., who are expecting his return to that city in company with a bride, will be grieved and disappointed to learn that the prospective Mrs. Hacker has turned a cold shoulder to her erstwhile lover, and at the last moment refused to carry out her promise to marry him. According to Mr. Hacker's story his intended bride is Mrs. Blanche W. Foote, whose divorced husband is Robert W. Foote, a druggist in Minneapolis, Minn.

Mr. Hacker was so vexed at Mrs. Foote's inconstancy that he applied to the police Saturday for a warrant for her arrest on the charge of obtaining money under false pretenses, says the Chicago Chronicle. He went to the Harrison street station at 19:30 o'clock and unfolded his tale of a wounded heart to Justice Martin. According to his account Mrs. Foote is an amiable and charming woman. Her father, J. Ottman, lives in Rockford, Ill., and five months ago she made her appearance at Columbus, O., where she had gone to visit friends.

One bright May morning Mrs. Foote wandered into a photograph gallery, and it so happened that the establishment was owned by Mr. Hacker. The proprietor was smitten with Mrs. Foote, and before the negative had been taken he had fallen deeply in love with her. It was love at first sight. Mr. Hacker is 33 years old, while Mrs. Foote is eleven years his junior. The infatuated man vowed he would make her his wife. greeted him with a subdued "good morning, sir."

"Good morning," responded the official with a cheerful, hundred-and-fifty-dollar-a-month manner, "It there anything we can do for you this morning?"

"I don't know, really, sir," crooned the caller softly. "To know if you can is the object of my visit this morning, sir."

"Very well, state your case, and if we can do anything for you, you may rest assured it will be done."

The visitor cleared his throat pretty much as if he were going to deliver a sermon. "I think." he said slowly and with hesitation, "if I mistake not, that I saw a statement in some one of the public prints to the effect that this office would not issue a patent on Sunday. Is that true sir?"

"Quite true. It does not."

"Why is that, sir, if I may ask?"

"It is against the rules of the office is all I know."

"Will it issue on any other day of the seven, sir?"

The infatuated man vowed he would make her his wife.

Mrs. Foote remained in Columbus three months, and during that time, Hacker says, he helped her out financially. She then went to Rockford. They kept up a correspondence, and money orders accompanied Mr. Hacker's wooing letters. They agreed to become man and wife, and the groom came to Chicago Thursday evening to meet his bride. Mrs. Foote wrote him she was staying with her cousin, Mrs. Marlon, at 631 Greenwood avenue. But she met him at the appointed time at the Saratoga hotel and the groom provided separate apartments for his bride. They spent two happy days together, and Mr. even, sir?"
"Certainly, it will. That is what it is "Certainly, it will. That is what it is here for."

"Oh, thank you, how nice," twittered the visitor, taking a large madras handker-chief from his coat tail pocket, shaking it out and wiping his brow with it. "That being the case, if you will be kind enough to let me have one on Tuesday, sir, you will do me a great personal favor. You see, sir, Tuesday is my birthday, and I want a patent on it so no one can use it for birthday purposes, sir, except myself."

## COUNCIL AIDS THE KREWE

Saratoga hotel and the groom provided separate apartments for his bride. They spent two happy days together, and Mr. Hacker's pocketbook was constantly accessible to all of Mrs. Foote's demands.

At 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon Mrs. Foote left him to bid her friends good-by, and promised to return at 7:30 o'clock, when they were to take the 8 o'clock train for Columbus. She did not come, and Hacker was obliged to sell the railroad tickets he had bought. He waited until 9 o'clock and then went to the Greenwood avenue house. Mrs. Foote, he says, refused to see him, though he saw her through the window, and also noticed her umbrella in the hallway. He wanted a warrant for her arrest, but Justice Martin refused to issue it. Hacker went to the city hall next, but with no success. To-morrow, he says, he will apply to Justice Everett for relief and vengeance. Money Appropriated to Pay Special Officers and Permission Given to Erect an Arch. The council last night passed an ordi-

nance transferring \$500 from the city's ex-pense fund to the police fund, to pay the salarles of the extra policemen who vill be on duty during Carnival week. It also passed an ordinance authorizing the Karnival Krewe to erect an ornamental arch on Grand avenue, between Ninth and Teath streets. An ordinance transferring £000 from the expense fund to the street department's fund to defray the cost of cleaning the streets and sewers was referred to the finance committee. An ordinance repealing the ordinance licensing poolroms was given the same reference.

The lower house passed an ordinance previously passed by the upper house appropriating \$150 for the Colored People's Ciristian Charity Association. Ordinances on-firming contracts with the Parker-Wishington Paving Company for paving Seventeenth street from Grand avenue to Oak street; Sixteenth street, from Oak to Locust street, and Tracy avenue, from Nath to Twelfth street, were referred to the public improvements committee. be on duty during Carnival week. It also

## Got a Bad Fall.

Jeremiah Whelan, a housemover, iged 71 years, living at 215 East Tenth steet, fell from a house he was preparing to move at Thirteenth and Grove streets last night and sprained his left ankle severely. His fall was sixteen feet and was caused by the giving away of a plank he was taw-ing.

### SARAH TYSON RORER, ....

An acknowledged authority on food, uses and recommends

> POSTUM GEREAL FOOD GOFFEE.